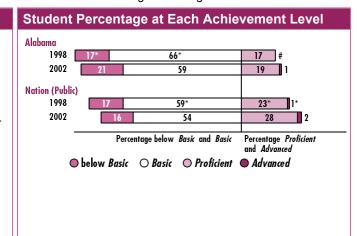
Snapshot Report

NCES 2003-532AL8

The writing assessment of the National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP) measures narrative, informative, and persuasive writing–three purposes identified in the NAEP framework. The NAEP writing scale ranges from 0 to 300.

Overall Writing Results for Alabama

- The average scale score for eighth-grade students in Alabama was 142. This was not found to be significantly different¹ from the average score (144) in 1998.
- Alabama's average score (142) was lower than that of the nation's public schools (152).
- Students' average scale scores in Alabama were higher than those in 6 jurisdictions², not significantly different from those in 8 jurisdictions, and lower than those in 32 jurisdictions.
- The percentage of students who performed at or above the NAEP Proficient level was 20 percent. This percentage was not found to be significantly different from 1998 (17).

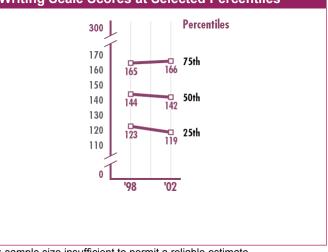


Performance of NAEP Reporting Groups in Alabama						
	Percentage	Average	Percentage of students at			
Reporting groups	of students	Score	Below Basic	Basic	Proficient	Advanced
Male	50	130	31	58 ↓	11	#
Female	50	153	12	60	26	2
White	62	150	14	60 ↓	25	1
Black	36	127	34	58	9	#
Hispanic	1					
Asian/Pacific Islander	1					
American Indian/Alaska Native	#					
Free/reduced-priced school lunch						
Eligible	42	129	31	61	9	#
Not eligible	42	151	13	59	26	1
Information not available	16	150	18	53	27	2

Average Score Gaps Between Selected Groups

- Female students in Alabama had an average score that was higher than that of male students (23 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (19 points).
- White students had an average score that was higher than that of Black students (23 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (21 points).
- The sample size was not sufficient to permit a reliable estimate for Hispanic students in Alabama.
- Students who were not eligible for free/reduced-price school lunch had an average score that was higher than that of students who were eligible (22 points). This performance gap was not significantly different from that of 1998 (22 points).





- # Percentage rounds to zero.
- --- Reporting standards not met; sample size insufficient to permit a reliable estimate.
- * Significantly different from 2002.
- † Statistically significantly higher than 1998.
- ↓ Statistically significantly lower than 1998.
- ¹ Comparisons (higher/lower/not different) are based on statistical tests. The .05 level was used for testing statistical significance.
- ² "Jurisdictions" includes participating states and other jurisdictions (such as Guam or the District of Columbia).

NOTE: Detail may not sum to totals because of rounding. Score gaps are calculated based on differences between unrounded average scale scores. Performance changes across years should be interpreted in the context of changes in rates of exclusion of special-needs students, which occurred in some states. See *The Nation's Report Card: Writing 2002* for additional information.

Visit http://nces.ed.gov/nationsreportcard/states/ for additional results and detailed information.

SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 1998 and 2002 Writing Assessments.